

ST. JUST IN ROSELAND PARISH COUNCIL

NOTICE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS AND PUBLICATION OF UNAUDITED ANNUAL GOVERNANACE & ACCOUNTABILITY RETURN

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 Sections 26 and 27 - The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (SI 2015/234)

NOTICE

- 1 (a) Date of announcement St Just in Roseland Parish Council 12 June 2021
- 2. Each year the smaller authority's Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR) needs to be reviewed by an external auditor appointed by Smaller Authorities' Audit Appointments Ltd. The unaudited AGAR has been published with this notice. AS it has yet to be reviewed by the appointed auditor, it is subject to change as a result of that review.

Any person interested has the right to inspect and make copies of the accounting records for the financial year to which the audit relates and all books, deeds, contracts, bills, vouchers, receipts and other documents relating to those records must be made available for inspection by any person interested. For the year ended 31 March 2021, these documents will be available on reasonable notice by application to

Helen Couch, Parish Clerk and Responsible Financial Officer (parishclerk@roselandinfo.com)

Commencing on Monday 14 June 2021 and ending to Friday 23 July 2021.

- 3. Local government electors and their representatives also have
 - The opportunity to question the appointed auditor about the accounting records; and
 - The right to make an objection which concerns a matter in respect of which the appointed auditor could either make a public interest report or apply to the court for a declaration that an item of account is unlawful. Written notice of an objection must first be given to the auditor and a copy sent to the smaller

The appointed auditor can be contacted at the address in paragraph 4 below for this purpose between the above

4. The smaller authority's AGAR is subject to review by the appointed auditor under the provisions of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and the NAO's Code of Audit Practice 2015. The appointed auditor is

PKF Littlejohn LLP (SBA Team) 15 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf **LONDON E14 4HD** (sba@pkf-l.com)

5. This announcement is made by Helen Couch, Parish Clerk and Responsible Financial Officer.

Annual Governance and Accountability Return 2020/21 Part 3

To be completed by Local Councils, Internal Drainage Boards and other Smaller Authorities*:

- where the higher of gross income or gross expenditure exceeded £25,000 but did not exceed
- where the higher of gross income or gross expenditure was £25,000
 - · are unable to certify themselves as exempt (fee payable); or
 - have requested a limited assurance review (fee payable)

Guidance notes on completing Part 3 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return 2020/21

- 1. Every smaller authority in England that either received gross income or incurred gross expenditure exceeding £25,000 must complete Part 3 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return at the end of each financial year in accordance with Proper Practices.
- 2. The Annual Governance and Accountability Return is made up of three parts, pages 3 to 6:
 - The Annual Internal Audit Report must be completed by the authority's internal auditor.
 - Sections 1 and 2 must be completed and approved by the authority.
 - Section 3 is completed by the external auditor and will be returned to the authority.
- 3. The authority must approve Section 1, Annual Governance Statement, before approving Section 2, Accounting Statements, and both must be approved and published on the authority website/webpage
- 4. An authority with either gross income or gross expenditure exceeding £25,000 or an authority with neither income nor expenditure exceeding £25,000, but which is unable to certify itself as exempt, or is requesting a limited assurance review, must return to the external auditor by email or post (not both) no later than 30 June 2021. Reminder letters will incur a charge of £40 +VAT:
 - the Annual Governance and Accountability Return Sections 1 and 2, together with
 - a bank reconciliation as at 31 March 2021
 - · an explanation of any significant year on year variances in the accounting statements
 - · notification of the commencement date of the period for the exercise of public rights Annual Internal Audit Report 2020/21

Unless requested, do not send any additional documents to your external auditor. Your external auditor will

Once the external auditor has completed the limited assurance review and is able to give an opinion, the Annual Governance and Accountability Section1, Section 2 and Section 3 - External Auditor Report and Certificate will be returned to the authority by email or post.

Publication Requirements

Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on

Before 1 July 2021 authorities must publish:

- · Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and a declaration that the accounting statements
- Section 1 Annual Governance Statement 2020/21, approved and signed, page 4
- Section 2 Accounting Statements 2020/21, approved and signed, page 5

Not later than 30 September 2021 authorities must publish:

- · Notice of conclusion of audit
- Section 3 External Auditor Report and Certificate
- Sections 1 and 2 of AGAR including any amendments as a result of the limited assurance review.

It is recommended as best practice, to avoid any potential confusion by local electors and interested parties, that you also publish the Annual Internal Audit Report, page 3.

The Annual Governance and Accountability Return constitutes the annual return referred to in the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015. Throughout, the words 'external auditor' have the same meaning as the words 'local auditor' in the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015.

*for a complete list of bodies that may be smaller authorities refer to schedule 2 to the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

Guidance notes on completing Part 3 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR) 2020/21

- The authority must comply with Proper Practices in completing Sections 1 and 2 of this AGAR. Proper Practices are found in the Practitioners' Guide* which is updated from time to time and contains everything needed to prepare successfully for the financial year-end and the subsequent work by the external auditor.
- Make sure that the AGAR is complete (no highlighted boxes left empty), and is properly signed and dated. If the AGAR contains unapproved or unexplained amendments, it may be returned and additional costs will be incurred.
- The authority should receive and note the Annual Internal Audit Report before approving the Annual
- Use the checklist provided below to review the AGAR for completeness before returning it to the external
- The Annual Governance Statement (Section 1) must be approved on the same day or before the Accounting
- The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) must certify the accounts (Section 2) before they are presented to the authority for approval. The authority must in this order; consider, approve and sign the accounts.
- The RFO is required to commence the public rights period as soon as practical after the date of the AGAR approval. · Do not send the external auditor any information not specifically requested. However, you must inform your
- external auditor about any change of Clerk, Responsible Financial Officer or Chairman, and provide relevant authority owned generic email addresses and telephone numbers.
- · Make sure that the copy of the bank reconciliation to be sent to your external auditor with the AGAR covers all the bank accounts. If the authority holds any short-term investments, note their value on the bank reconciliation. The external auditor must be able to agree the bank reconciliation to Box 8 on the accounting statements (Section 2, page 5). An explanation must be provided of any difference between Box 7 and Box 8. More help on bank reconciliation is available in the Practitioners' Guide*.
- Explain fully significant variances in the accounting statements on page 5. Do not just send a copy of the detailed accounting records instead of this explanation. The external auditor wants to know that you understand the reasons for all variances. Include complete numerical and narrative analysis to support the full variance.
- · If the external auditor has to review unsolicited information, or receives an incomplete bank reconciliation, or
- Make sure that the accounting statements add up and that the balance carried forward from the previous year (Box 7 of 2020) equals the balance brought forward in the current year (Box 1 of 2021).
- The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO), on behalf of the authority, must set the commencement date for the exercise of public rights of 30 consecutive working days which must include the first ten working days of July.
- The authority must publish on the authority website/webpage the information required by Regulation 15 (2), Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, including the period for the exercise of public rights and the name and

All sections	klist – 'No' answers mean you may not have met requirements Have all highlighted boxes have been completed?	Yes	
	Has all additional information requested, including the dates set for the period Have all highlighted boxes been provided for the external auditors.		No
Internal Audit Report	Have the exercise of public rights, been provided to dates set for the period	1	
Section 1		1	
Section 2	For any statement to which the		
		1	
		1	
	The state of the s	,	-
	Has the bank reconcilies.	1	
	Has the bank reconciliation as at 31 March 2021 been reconciled to Box 8?	1	
	In set time -	1	-
	Has an explanation of any difference between Box 7 and Box 8 been provided? Trust funds – have all disclosures been made if the authority as a body corporate is a	1	-
Governance and A	sole managing trustee? NB: do not send trust accounting statements unless requested.	1	

*Governance and Accountability for Smaller Authorities in England – a Practitioners' Guide to Proper Practices, can be downloaded from www.nalc.gov.uk or from www.ada.org.uk

Annual Internal Audit Report 2020/21

ST JUST IN ROSELAND PARISH COUNCIL

stmawesandtheroseland.co.uk/useful-information/st-just-in-roseland-parish-council

During the financial year ended 31 March 2021, this authority's internal auditor acting independently and on the basis of an assessment of risk, carried out a selective assessment of compliance with the relevant procedures and controls

The internal audit for 2020/21 has been carried out in accordance with this authority's needs and planned coverage. On the basis of the findings in the areas examined, the internal audit conclusions are summarised in this table. Set out below are the objectives of internal control and alongside are the internal audit conclusions on whether, in all significant respects, the control objectives were being achieved throughout the financial year to a standard adequate

A. Appropriate accounting records have been present to	Yes		Not
A. Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year. B. This authority complied with its financial regulations.	V	No	* covered
expenditure was approved and VAT was expenditure was approved and VAT was expenditure was approved and VAT was expenditure.	V		
C. This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy On The Company of the	-		
D. The precent or rates require		V	
D. The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate. E. Expected income was fully read in the budgetary process.			
E. Expected income was fully received by	~		
banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.	V		
Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved and VAT appropriately accounted for.			
. Salaries to employees and allowers a	V		
Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.	-	-	
Asset and investments registers were complete and	V		
Periodic bank account reconciliations were properly carried out during the year.	V		-
Accounting statements properly carried out during the year.			
trail from underlying records and where appreciate audit	w		
If the authority certified itself			
review of its 2019/20 AGAR tick "not covered"		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	~
If the authority has an appual to			
webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the Transparency code for smaller authorities.			
The authority during the province			V
The authority, during the previous year (2019-20) correctly provided for the period for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations (evidenced by the notice published on the website and/or authority approved minutes confirming the dates and			
on the website and/or authority approved minutes		V	
The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2019/20 AGAR (see AGAR Page 1 Guidance Notes).			
The contract of the contract o		V	
(For local councils only)			
Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee	Yes	No I	lot applicable

Trust funds (including charitable) - The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.

For any other risk areas identified by this authority adequate controls existed (list any other risk areas on separate sheets if needed). Date(s) internal audit undertaken

Name of person who carried out the internal audit

08/12/2020

18/04/2021

S P HUDSON C.P.F.A.

Signature of person who carried out the internal audit

Date

19/04/2021

*If the response is 'no' please state the implications and action being taken to address any weakness in control identified (add separate sheets if needed).

**Note: If the response is 'not covered' please state when the most recent internal audit work was done in this area and when it is next planned; or, if coverage is not required, the annual internal audit report must explain why not (add separate sheets if needed).

Section 1 - Annual Governance Statement 2020/21

We acknowledge as the members of:

St Just in Roseland Parish Council

our responsibility for ensuring that there is a sound system of internal control, including arrangements for the preparation of the Accounting Statements. We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, with respect to the Accounting Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021, that:

	Agreed			
	Yes	No*	Yes n	neans that this authority
We have put in place arrangements for effective financial management during the year, and for the preparation of the accounting statements.	1	A PART MINERAL	prepar	red its accounting statements in accordance se Accounts and Audit Regulations
We maintained an adequate system of internal control including measures designed to prevent and detect fraud and corruption and reviewed its effectiveness.	1		made , for safe its cha	proper arrangements and accepted responsibility eguarding the public money and resources in roe
3. We took all reasonable steps to assure ourselves that there are no matters of actual or potential non-compliance with laws, regulations and Proper Practices that could have a significant financial effect on the ability of this authority to conduct its business or manage its finances.	1		has only done what it has the legal power to do and complied with Proper Practices in doing so.	
We provided proper opportunity during the year for the exercise of electors' rights in accordance with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	1		during inspect	the year gave all persons interested the opportunity to and ask questions about this authority's accounts.
5. We carried out an assessment of the risks facing this authority and took appropriate steps to manage those risks, including the introduction of internal controls and/or external insurance cover where required.	1		considered and documented the financial and other risi faces and dealt with them properly.	
We maintained throughout the year an adequate and effective system of internal audit of the accounting records and control systems.	1		arranged for a competent person, independent of the fine controls and procedures, to give an objective view on wh	
. We took appropriate action on all matters raised in reports from internal and external audit.	,		matter controls meet the needs of this smaller authority.	
I. We considered whether any litigation, liabilities or	1		responded to matters brought to its attention by internal a external audit.	
during or after the year-end, have a financial impact on this authority and, where appropriate, have included them in the accounting statements.	1		disclosed everything it should have about its business act during the year including events taking place after the yea end if relevant.	
charitable. In our capacity as the sole managing trustee we discharged our accountability responsibilities for the fund(s)/assets, including financial reporting and, if required, independent examination or audit.	Yes	No	N/A	has met all of its responsibilities where, as a body corporate, it is a sole managing trustee of a local trust or trusts.

^{*}Please provide explanations to the external auditor on a separate sheet for each 'No' response and describe how the authority will address the weaknesses identified. These sheets must be published with the Annual Governance Statement.

This Annual Governance Statement was approved at a meeting of the authority on:

26/04/2021

and recorded as minute reference:

Number 5

Signed by the Chairman and Clerk of the meeting where approval was given:

Chairman

Clerk

LH COUCL

www.stmawesandtheroseland.co.uk

Section 2 - Accounting Statements 2020/21 for

St Just in Roseland Parish Council

	Year	ending	Notes and guidance		
	31 March 2020 £	31 March 2021	Please round all figures to		
Balances brought forward	A STATE OF THE STA	£	agree to underlying financial records. Total balances and reserves at the beginning of the yea as recorded in the financial records. Value must agree to Box 7 of previous year.		
2. (+) Precept or Rates and	114,081	109,12			
Levies	26,269	26,79	Total amount of precept (or for IDBs rates and levies) received or receivable in the year. Exclude any grants		
3. (1) Total other receipts	(+) Total other receipts 227,105		Total income		
4. (-) Staff costs			grants received. Include any		
5. (-) Loan interest/capital	50,895	46,71	employers NI contributions		
repayments	Total expenditure or a		Total expenditure as and severance payments.		
6. (-) All other payments			of the authority's borrowings (if any		
7 (-) 0-1	207,440	152,878			
7. (=) Balances carried forward	109,120	114,390	Total balances and resonna at II		
R. Total value			equal (1+2+3) - (4+5+6).		
8. Total value of cash and short term investments	176,842	140,621	The sum of all current and deposit bank accounts, cash holdings and short term investments by		
. Total fixed assets plus			To agree with bank reconciliation		
long term investments and assets	439,215	447,192	The value of all the property the authority owns – it is made up of all its fixed assets and long term investments as at 31 March.		
0. Total borrowings	0		The outstanding capital bal		
(For Local Councils Only) Disclude Trust funds (including) The Trust funds (including)		EMMOZET DATE	from third parties (including PWLB).		
re Trust funds (including charitab	vie)		The Council, as a body corporate, acts as sole trustee for and is responsible for managing Trust funds or assets.		
			N.B. The figures in the accounting statements above do not include any Trust transactions.		

I certify that for the year ended 31 March 2021 the Accounting Statements in this Annual Governance and Accountability Return have been prepared on either a receipts and payments or income and expenditure basis following the guidance in Governance and Accountability for Smaller Authorities — a Practitioners' Guide to Proper Practices and present fairly the financial position of this authority.

Signed by Responsible Financial Officer before being presented to the authority for approval

LHCOUCL

26/04/2021

Date

I confirm that these Accounting Statements were approved by this authority on this date:

26/04/2021

as recorded in minute reference:

Minute number 5

Signed by Chairman of the meeting where the Accounting Statements were approved

LEC

Section 3 - External Auditor's Report and Certificate 2020/21

In respect of

St Just in Roseland Parish Council

1 Respective responsibilities of the auditor and the authority

Our responsibility as auditors to complete a limited assurance review is set out by the National Audit Office (NAO). A limited assurance review is not a full statutory audit, it does not constitute an audit carried out in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK & Ireland) and hence it does not provide the same level of assurance that such an audit would. The UK Government has determined that a lower level of assurance than that provided by a full statutory audit is appropriate for those local public bodies with the lowest levels of spending.

Under a limited assurance review, the auditor is responsible for reviewing Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return in accordance with NAO Auditor Guidance Note 02 (AGN 02) as issued by the NAO on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General. AGN 02 is available from the NAO website https://www.nao.org.uk/code-audit-practice/guidance-and-information-for-auditors/

Summarises the accounting records for the year ended 31 March 2021; and confirms and provides assurance on those matters that are relevant to our duties and responsibilities as external at 2 External auditor's limited assurance opinion 2020/21 [Except for the matters reported below)' on the basis of our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return is in accordance with Proper Practices or our properties have come to our attention giving cause for concern that relevant legislation and regulatory requirements have not been measured as appropriate). [Continue on a separate sheet if required] Other matters not affecting our opinion which we draw to the attention of the authority: [Continue on a separate sheet if required] 3 External auditor certificate 2020/21 We certify/do not certify* that we have completed our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return, and discharged our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, for the year ended 31 March 2021. The do not certify completion because: External Auditor Name	accordance with Proper Practices w	suring that its financial management is adequate and effective and that it has The authority prepares an Annual Governance and Accountability Return in which:
(Continue on a separate sheet if required) Centinue on a separate sheet if required) Continue on a separate sheet if required)	- Provided adolaration of	in those matters that are relevant to our duties and representative
Continue on a separate sheet if required) Continue on a separate sheet if required our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return is in accordance with Proper Practices ("delete as appropriate). Continue on a separate sheet if required) Continue on a separate sheet if required) Continue on a separate sheet if required our review of the authority: Continue on a separate sheet if required our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return, and discharged our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, for the year ended 31 March 2021. "We do not certify completion because: "We do not certify completion because:	- External additor 5 limite	assurance opinion 2020/21
Other matters not affecting our opinion which we draw to the attention of the authority: (continue on a separate sheet if required) 3 External auditor certificate 2020/21 We certify/do not certify* that we have completed our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return, and discharged our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, for twe do not certify completion because:	Our opinion the information in Section)* on	the basis of our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Appeal Course
(continue on a separate sheet if required) 3 External auditor certificate 2020/21 Ne certify/do not certify* that we have completed our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return, and discharged our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, for the do not certify completion because:	(continue on a separate sheet if required)	
(continue on a separate sheet if required) 3 External auditor certificate 2020/21 Ne certify/do not certify* that we have completed our review of Sections 1 and 2 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return, and discharged our responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, for two do not certify completion because:	Other matters not affecting our opinion which	We draw to the attention of the outback
We do not certify completion because:		
xternal Auditor Name	3 External auditor certifica	The Control of the Co
	3 External auditor certifica We certify/do not certify* that we have Accountability Return, and discharged the year ended 31 March 2021.	The Control of the Co
xternal Auditor Signature Date	3 External auditor certifica We certify/do not certify* that we have Accountability Return, and discharged he year ended 31 March 2021. "We do not certify completion because:	The Control of the Co

Bank reconciliation - example

This reconciliation should include <u>all</u> bank and building society accounts, including short term investment accounts. It <u>must</u> agree to Box 8 in the column headed "Year ending 31 March 20xx" in Section 2 of the AGAR – and will also agree to Box 7 where the accounts are prepared on a receipts and payments basis

Name of smaller authority: St Just in	Roseland Parish Council	
County area (local councils and parish meeting	gs only): Cornwall	
Financial year ending 31 March 2021		
Prepared by (Name and Role):	Helen Couch - Parish C	lerk & RFO
Date:	10/04/2021	
Balance per bank statements as at 31/3/21	£	£
Lloyds Current Bank Scottish Widows	24,561.36 114,437.25	
	-	138,998.61
Petty cash float (if applicable)		400.00
Less: any unpresented cheques as at 31/3/xx (normally only current account)		
Add: any un-banked cash as at 31/3/21		0.00
Cash in Hand Toilet Cash in Hand Car Park Income	179.40 1,042.73	
		1,222.13
Net balances as at 31/3/21 (Box 8)	-	140,620.74

LOCAL AUTHORITY ACCOUNTS: A SUMMARY OF YOUR RIGHTS

Please note that this summary applies to all relevant smaller authorities, including local councils, internal drainage boards and 'other' smaller authorities.

The basic position

The <u>Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014</u> (the Act) governs the work of auditors appointed to smaller authorities. This summary explains the provisions contained in Sections 26 and 27 of the Act. The Act and the <u>Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015</u> also cover the duties, responsibilities and rights of smaller authorities, other organisations and the public concerning the accounts being audited.

As a local elector, or an interested person, you have certain legal rights in respect of the accounting records of smaller authorities. As an interested person you can inspect accounting records and related documents. If you are a local government elector for the area to which the accounts relate you can also ask questions about the accounts and object to them. You do not have to pay directly for exercising your rights. However, any resulting costs incurred by the smaller authority form part of its running costs. Therefore, indirectly, local residents pay for the cost of you exercising your rights through their council tax.

The right to inspect the accounting records

Any interested person can inspect the accounting records, which includes but is not limited to local electors. You can inspect the accounting records for the financial year to which the audit relates and all books, deeds, contracts, bills, vouchers, receipts and other documents relating to those records. You can copy all, or part, of these records or documents. Your inspection must be about the accounts, or relate to an item in the accounts. You cannot, for example, inspect or copy documents unrelated to the accounts, or that include personal information (Section 26 (6) – (10) of the Act explains what is meant by personal information). You cannot inspect information which is protected by commercial confidentiality. This is information which would prejudice commercial confidentiality if it was released to the public and there is not, set against this, a very strong reason in the public interest why it should nevertheless be disclosed.

When smaller authorities have finished preparing accounts for the financial year and approved them, they must publish them (including on a website). There must be a 30 working day period, called the 'period for the exercise of public rights', during which you can exercise your statutory right to inspect the accounting records. Smaller authorities must tell the public, including advertising this on their website, that the accounting records and related documents are available to inspect. By arrangement you will then have 30 working days to inspect and make copies of the accounting records. You may have to pay a copying charge. The 30 working day period must include a common period of inspection during which all smaller authorities' accounting records are available to inspect. This will be 1-14 July 2021 for 2020/21 accounts. The advertisement must set out the dates of the period for the exercise of public rights, how you can communicate to the smaller authority that you wish to inspect the accounting records and related documents, the name and address of the auditor, and the relevant legislation that governs the inspection of accounts and objections.

The right to ask the auditor questions about the accounting records

You should first ask your smaller authority about the accounting records, since they hold all the details. If you are a local elector, your right to ask questions of the external auditor is enshrined in law. However, while the auditor will answer your questions where possible, they are not always obliged to do so. For example, the question might be better answered by another organisation, require investigation beyond the auditor's remit, or involve disproportionate cost (which is borne by the local taxpayer). Give your smaller authority the opportunity first to explain anything in the accounting records that you are unsure about. If you are not satisfied with their explanation, you can question the external auditor about the accounting records.

The law limits the time available for you formally to ask questions. This must be done in the period for the exercise of public rights, so let the external auditor know your concern as soon as possible. The

advertisement or notice that tells you the accounting records are available to inspect will also give the period for the exercise of public rights during which you may ask the auditor questions, which here means formally asking questions under the Act. You can ask someone to represent you when asking the external auditor questions.

Before you ask the external auditor any questions, inspect the accounting records fully, so you know what they contain. Please remember that you cannot formally ask questions, under the Act, after the end of the period for the exercise of public rights. You may ask your smaller authority other questions about their accounts for any year, at any time. But these are not questions under the Act.

You can ask the external auditor questions about an item in the accounting records for the financial year being audited. However, your right to ask the external auditor questions is limited. The external auditor can only answer 'what' questions, not 'why' questions. The external auditor cannot answer questions about policies, finances, procedures or anything else unless it is directly relevant to an item in the accounting records. Remember that your questions must always be about facts, not opinions. To avoid misunderstanding, we recommend that you always put your questions in writing.

The right to make objections at audit

You have inspected the accounting records and asked your questions of the smaller authority. Now you may wish to object to the accounts on the basis that an item in them is in your view unlawful or there are matters of wider concern arising from the smaller authority's finances. A local government elector can ask the external auditor to apply to the High Court for a declaration that an item of account is unlawful, or to issue a report on matters which are in the public interest. You must tell the external auditor which specific item in the accounts you object to and why you think the item is unlawful, or why you think that a public interest report should be made about it. You must provide the external auditor with the evidence you have to support your objection. Disagreeing with income or spending does not make it unlawful. To object to the accounts you must write to the external auditor stating you want to make an objection, including the information and evidence below and you must send a copy to the smaller authority. The notice must include:

- confirmation that you are an elector in the smaller authority's area;
- why you are objecting to the accounts and the facts on which you rely;
- details of any item in the accounts that you think is unlawful; and
- details of any matter about which you think the external auditor should make a public interest report.

Other than it must be in writing, there is no set format for objecting. You can only ask the external auditor to act within the powers available under the <u>Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014</u>.

A final word

You may not use this 'right to object' to make a personal complaint or claim against your smaller authority. You should take such complaints to your local Citizens' Advice Bureau, local Law Centre or to your solicitor. Smaller authorities, and so local taxpayers, meet the costs of dealing with questions and objections. In deciding whether to take your objection forward, one of a series of factors the auditor must take into account is the cost that will be involved, they will only continue with the objection if it is in the public interest to do so. They may also decide not to consider an objection if they think that it is frivolous or vexatious, or if it repeats an objection already considered. If you appeal to the courts against an auditor's decision not to apply to the courts for a declaration that an item of account is unlawful, you will have to pay for the action yourself.

For more detailed guidance on public rights and the special powers of auditors, copies of the publication Local authority accounts: A guide to your rights are available from the NAO website.

If you wish to contact your authority's appointed external auditor please write to the address in paragraph 4 of the Notice of Public Rights and Publication of Unaudited Annual Governance & Accountability Return.